#### **RESEARCH ARTICLE**

## OPEN ACCESS

# **Enhancing User Stories with Testing**

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#### ABSTRACT

The Software Effort Estimation Is The Technique Which Is Applied To Estimate The Software Efforts. The User Story Is The Document Which Is Prepared To Analyze The User Requirements. The Design Of The User Story, Designs Efficient Software. The Various Techniques Are Proposed By The Authors To Design User Story Efficiently. In This Paper, Various Algorithms Are Reviewed To Design Efficient User Story. *Keywords*-Big Data, Testing, Effort Estimation, User Story

Date of Submission: 19-03-2018

Date of acceptance 02-04-2018

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#### I. INTRODUCTION

In Today Era Term Data Is Everywhere And There Is Need To Store, Process And Manage It Since From The Beginning Of Human Civilization And Human Societies. The Amount And Type Of Data Has Been Stored, Processed And Managed Depends On Different Factors Such As Necessity Of Human, Available Tools, Technologies, Effort, Cost, Ability To Gain Insight Into The Data. The Term "Big Data" Is Relatively New In IT And Business. The Big Data Is A Term Used Where The Large Volume Of Data Is Difficult To Process, Store And Analyze By Using Traditional Existing Database Technologies. As The Nature Of Big Data Is Indistinct So, There Is Need To Involves Considerable Processes To Identify And Translate The Data Into New Insights. There Are Number Of Definitions Of Big Data Some Researchers Also Define Big Data As A Large Volume Of Scientific Data For Visualization. Other Researchers Define Big Data As "The Amount Of Data Just Beyond Technology's Capability To Store, Manage, And Process Efficiently [1]."

In Past, Human Beings Used Carving On Stones, Metal Sheets, Wood, Etc Like Primitive Ways Of Storing And Capturing The Data. Then They Have Started Capturing Data On Paper, Cloth, Etc Then Human Have Started Using USB Drives, Compact Discs, Hard Drives, Etc. Now Data Is Present Everywhere To Deal With That Huge Amount Of Data A New Concept Has Been Added I.E., Big Data. N Statistical Science A Key Challenge Is Big Data Due To Which Number Of Researchers Has Started Working On It For Getting Better Context By Using Different Algorithms And Implementing It For New Framework Theoretical Implications [2]. The Massive Or Large Amount Of Data Comes Under Big Data That Also Contains Streams Of Data That Are Heterogeneous To Each Other.

#### **II. CHARACTERISTICS OF BIG DATA**

• Volume: The Size Of Big Data Is Huge And Value Out Of Data Is Very Much Depends On Size Of Data. The Volume Of Data Will Depend That This Data Will Be Considered As Big Data Or Not. Hence When Dealing With Big Data, Volume Is One Characteristic Which Is Need To Be Considered [3].



Fig. 1: Characteristics Of Big Data

• Variety: Variety Is The Next Aspect Of Big Data That Refers To Heterogeneous Sources And Data Nature For Both Structured And Unstructured. In Past, The Source Of Data Available Was Datasheets And Spreadsheets That Have Been Considered In Almost All Applications. Now Data In The Form Of Emails, Photos, Videos, Monitoring Devices, Pdfs, Audio, Etc Has Been Considered In Different Applications. In Storage, Mining And Analysis Of Data Some Issues Were Created By Variety Of Unstructured Data.

• Velocity: The Speed Of Generated Data Refers To Velocity. In Data Real Potential Is Determined Using How • Fast Data Is Generated And Processed To Meet Demands.

#### **III.TESTING**

In Order To Check That System Will Be Able To Satisfy All Requirements It Has Been Tested Along With Its All Components. The Actual Requirements Has Been Gathered And Then Compared In With The Results Gathered By Testing To Identify Any Gaps, Errors Or Mismatch With The Requirements. A Testing Is A Analyzing Software Process That Has Been Defined By ANSI/IEEE 1059 Standard That Helps In Detecting Required And Existing Conditions Differences. The Software Items Features Have Been Evaluated That Helps In Detecting Defects, Errors Or Bugs.

The Application And Software Program Should Meet All The Requirements Has Been Verified And Validate By Software Testing.

- Meets The Requirements Of Business And Technical That Guided Its Design And Development
- Works As Per The Expectation

The Important Application Code Defects, Flaws Or Errors Are Also Identified And Fixed By Software Testing. The Requirements And Design Documents Are Reviewed In Order To Decide The Important Defect Comes Under Test Planning [4]. The Defect That Affects The Usability Or Functionality Of The Application Is The Most Important Defect. The Purpose Of Software Testing Is To Detect Software Failures So That Defects May Be Discovered And Corrected. This Is A Non-Trivial Pursuit. Testing Establishes That In What Conditions The Product Will Not Function Properly But It Cannot Establish That It Will Work Properly Under All Conditions [5].

Main Purpose Of Software Testing: There Are Mainly Three Purposes Of Software Testing Given Below:

• Verification: This Confirms That Technical Specifications Are Meet Using Software. A Description Of Functions In Terms Of Measured Value Of Output For Particular Input Has Been Described By Specification That Comes Under Specific Fixed Conditions. In 3 Seconds Of Submission It Is Possible To Return The Eight Ordered Fields Of Month Against Summary Table Of Multi-Month Account. The Data Has Been Retrieved From Simple Given Specification Along The SQL Query Retrieving Data Line.

- Validation: The Requirements Of Business Have Been Meets Using Software Has Been Confirmed By This Process. One Of The Simple Examples Of Business Requirement Will Be Information About Customer Manager Of Branch After Choosing The Name Of Office Branch. In That Window Information Summary And Identification Of Manager Has Been Presented For Each Customer Manager. The Summarized, Formatted And Displayed Data Details Provision Are Other Requirements.
- **Defect Finding:** It Is The Difference Between Actual And Expected Answer. In Phase Of Design, Specification Or Coding Development Introduced Fault Are Introduced By Defects In Source.

The Different Aspects Of Codes Like Does It Will Work In The Way That It Supposed To Do And Does It Will Fulfill The Requirements Has Been Examined By Testing That Code Using Software Testing And Then Executing That Code In Different Conditions Or Environments. The Development And Testing Organization Team Is Different In Most Of The Current Software Development Culture. The Team Member Testing Can Be Achieved Using Different Rules And The Process Of Developed Software Has Been Changed To Correct It By Derived Information From Software Testing [6].



Fig.2: Types Of Testing

**Types Of Testing:** Testing Can Be Mainly Of Two Types Given Below.

Manual Testing: The Testing Of Software Is Done Manually Without Using Any Tool Or Script. The Unexpected Behavior Or Bug Has Been Identified By Testing Software And End User Role Has Been Played By Tester Itself. The Unit, Integrating, System And User Acceptance Testing Are The Different Stages Of Manual Testing.

The Testing Completeness Has Been Ensured By Performing Different Test Plans, Test Cases Or Test Scenarios By Tester. The Errors Are Identified By Exploring That Software Explored By Testers That Also Includes Exploratory Testing.

Automation Testing: The Products Are Tested Using Software On The Basis Of Scripts Written By Tester And It Is Also Known As Test Automation. The Manual Process Is Automated And Then Test Scenarios Are Again Re-Run In Short Time. It Is A Repeated Process That Don't Need Manpower To Process It. In Point Of View Of Stress, Load And Performance The Application Has Been Tested Using Automation Testing That Is Different From Regression Testing. In Comparison To Manual Testing It Is Prove To Be Efficient In Terms Of Accuracy, Time, Test Coverage And Money. Further It Can Of Many Types Given Below:

- Alpha Testing: This Is The Most Common Used Testing Type In Software Industry And Its Objective Is That Before Releasing Product To Market Or Users All The Possible Defects And Issues Should Be Identified [7]. This Is Carried Out At The End Of Software Development Phase But Before Beta Testing I.E., It Is Conducted At Developer End.
- Acceptance Testing: There Are Some Requirements Of Business So A Test Has Been Performed By Client To Check The End To End System Flow. The Software Will Only Be Accepted By Client When The Functionality Of All Functions Is Same As Expected. This Comes Under The Last Phase Of The Testing.
- Ad-Hoc Testing: This Testing Is Performed On The Basis Of Ad-Hoc That Does Not Put Any Reference Model To Test Case And Not Even Use Any Plan Or Documentation. They Check The Defects And Break In The Application By Executing A Random Functionality.
- Accessibility Testing: This Is Used To Check That Is Software Or Application Is Accessible By Disabled People Or Not. The Deaf, Color Blindness, Mentally Disabled, Blind, Old Age Are Comes Under Disabilities [8].
- Beta Testing: This Is Formal Type Of Software Testing And It Is Carried Out At Customer End. Before Releasing Any Product To The Market For Its Actual End User Beta Testing Has Been Performed In Real Environment That Ensures Any Major Failure In Product.
- Back-End Testing: This Is Used To Test The Data Stores In Database By Front End Application. SQL Server, Mysql, And Oracle Etc Are The Different Types Of Database. It Will Test The Table Structure, Data Structure, Scheme And Etc. In This Testers Are Directly Connected To The Database No GUI Is Involved And Data Is Verified By Running Few Queries On The Database [9]. This Testing Will Help In Finding Data Loss, Deadlock, Data Corruption Etc Types Of Issues.
- Browser Compatibility Testing: The Testing Team Performed This Type Of Testing And It Is

Performed For Web Applications That Ensure The Working Of Software In Different Browser And Operating System [10].

Backward Compatibility Testing: This Ensures The Working Compatibility Of Newly Developed And Update Software With Older Version Of Environment.

#### How Testing Define In Big Data

The Software Products Are Not Individually Tested Rather Than That The Data Processing Has Been Verified Suing Big Data Testing Application. The Testing Of Performance And Functions Becomes Important Part In Case Of Testing Big Data.

The Terabytes Of Data Has Been Verified By QA Engineers Of Big Data Testing That Uses Commodity Cluster And Other Supportive Components. The Processing Is Very Fast That Require A High Level Oftesting Skills And The Processing Can Be Of Three Types Given Below:

- Batch
- Real Time
- Interactive

In Big Data Testing An Important Part Is Also Played By Quality Of Data. So, There Is Need To Check The Quality Of Data Before Testing The Application And It Comes Under The Part Of Database Testing [11]. The Various Characteristics Like **Conformity, Accuracy, Duplication, Consistency, Validity, Data Completeness,** Etc Are Come Under It.

Now Days It Testing A Big Data Has Become A Very Big Challenge Faced By Organization Due To Lack Of Knowledge On What To Test And How Much Data Have To Test. The Difficulties Have Been Faced By Organization In Defining The Strategy Of Testing For Structured And Unstructured Data Validation. The Hadoop System Has Been Used To Processed Big Data In Which First Step Is To Load Data Into HDFS Involves In Extracting Data From Different Source Systems And Then Back Loading Them Into HDFS. Then Map Reduce Operations Have Been Performed On It And Final Output Results Has Been Extracted From HDFS

#### • Software Effort Estimation

In Industries It Is Very Important To Perform Accurate Estimation Of Efforts And There Should Not Be Overestimation Of Efforts Nor Underestimation. As The Overestimation Will Lead To Threaten The Customers And Under Will Leads To Breakdown A Project. In Order To Avoid It The Researchers Have Started Focusing On Developing The Accurate Method For Software Effort Estimation Rather Than Using Human Expert Judgment. In System Development Life Cycle An Important Role Is Played By Software Effort Estimation As The Software Project Success Is Affected In Case A Design Of Project Has Been Estimated Inaccurately. This Method Can Be Of Two Types In The First One A Equations And Mathematical Models Has Been Used To Make A Algorithm Models That Has Been Used In Data Set Have Enough To Train A Model. The Second One Is Prediction System Models It Is Used In The Case Have Available Training Data Set Is Not Efficient To Train An Algorithm Model.

There Is Need Of Reliable Estimation For Control And Planning Of Proper Project And Theexisting Software Industries Doesn't Estimate A Project In Proper Way As They Don't Use Estimation Appropriately. So, There Is Need To Focus On Efforts That Improve The Situation Otherwise User Has To Suffer A Lot. In Software Engineering Effort Is Used To Denote Measure Of Use Of Workforce And Is Defined As Total Time That Takes Members Of A Development Team To Perform A Given Task. The Cost Or Total Time Required To Produce Software Projects Which Is Depend On The Man-Day, Man-Month, And Man-Year Units [13]. The Reason Behind Estimation Is Not Fixed It Vary As Most Frequent One Is Project Approval.



**Fig.3: Types Of Effort Estimation** 

The Problems Faced By Project Designers In Controlling And Managing Software Projects Are Overrun Of Effort Estimate. With Inaccurate Effort Estimates, It Surely Affects Project Designers To Make Correct Decisions And Leading To The Failure Of The Entire Software Project Development

#### **User Stories:**

When A Wanted Feature Is Written On A Card, Expressed In Everyday Language And Written In Some Case Are Comes Under User Story. It Is Composed Of Three Aspects Given Below:

- While Planning Iteration A Written Description Of Story Has Been Used.
- All The Information That Is Written On The Cards Are Uncompleted Which Are Further Completed By Discussion About Details That Can Take Place Number Of Times During The Project.
- The Agreement On The Deliverance By Team And Customer Is Also Very Important That's

Why An Acceptance Test Has Been Used After The Completion Of Story.

The Name Given To These Three Aspects Are Card, Conversation And Confirmation And These Stories Can Be Either Is Written On A Paper Or By Software. The Use Of Paper For Writing Purpose Is Prove To Be More Advantageous As It Is Simple, Interactive And Discussion Are Encouraged Using It That Further Can Be Placed, Stored And Carried Around [14]. The Main Advantage Of Using Paper For Writing Purpose Is Its Low Tech Nature That Works As Reminder Which Shows Stories Are Imprecise.



Fig.4: User Stories Life Cycle

It Is Important To Perform Estimation On User Stories As Cost Of Developing A User Story Has Been Estimated And It Is Important To Estimate Each One Accurately. The Estimations Of All The Features In One Time Is Not Necessary The Only Thing Important Is To Estimate Each New Features That Can Further Be Selected For Inclusion In Future. The Time Is Allocated For Incorporating All The Desired Features That Is Not Sufficient For It So There Is Need To Prioritize The User Stories Development. The Financial Value Of The Story, The Cost Involved In Developing The Story, The Amount And Significance Of The Knowledge Are The Factors That Are Utilized While Putting Priorities To User Stories

#### IV. TECHNIQUES USED TO IMPROVE USER STORY IN SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

**INVEST Grid:** This Method Was Used [15] In Agile Requirement Management. There Are Somerequirements Of It That Has Been Represented By The Acronym INVES. The User Story Has Been Met Using The Criteria Of INVEST Grid For This Each User Story Has Been Analyzed In Order To Determine If It Is Independent From Each Other That Helps In Moving To Another Sprint Without Interfacing Software Deployment. In Case When A High Level Of Authority Is Given To Client In Order To Negotiate A Change In User Story Before It Becomes A Full Requirement. The Aim Is That A Provider Should Allow The Change But Getting Stuck Into A Problem Or Running Out Of Time Constraints. The First Aim Of This Approach Is To Introduce Threshold Level And The User Story Considered To Be Independent When There Is No Need To Split It Into More Sub Requirements. This Helps In Reducing The Subjectivity And This Approach Has Been Initially Developed To Evaluate A Set Of Measures And KPI In A Business Process Model. The Thresholds Can Be Referred To As A Profile.

An Enhanced XP Process Model: The Existing Model Was Not Efficient That's Why A New Enhanced XP Process Model Has Been Proposed. The Main Phases Of XP Model Are:

- Planning
- Design
- Coding
- Testing

The Project Planning, Analysis Or Risk Management, Design Or Development And Testing Are The Main Phases Of Adaptive Model. This Method Is Mainly Implemented In Medium And Large Scale A Project That Needs To Be Continuously Evaluated Due To Changes Occurs In Requirements Of Customers [16]. Bv Communicating To The Customer During Project Planning Phase A Specification Of The Project Has Been Documented Which Is Composed Of Feasibility Report That Is Created To Prepare A Cost Benefits Analysis (CBA) Sheet. The Technical, Economic And Operational Feasibilities Combined To Report Feasibility Based On Request Of Client.

### V. LITERATURE REVIEW

**Usharani.K, Et.Al, (2016),** Has Recommended The Use Of Software Effort Estimation As Number Of Prediction Methods And Different Algorithms Are Available In It.In Software Engineering An Important Role Is Played By It That's Why Number Of Researchers Is Working On It To Get The Improved Effort Estimation Technique. In Order To Access The Efforts An Expert Judgment Are Required By Industries And Further The Existing Technologies Has Been Used For Experts. All The Research Shows That The Existing Prediction Methods And Algorithms Are Not Perfect To Be Use For Software Effort Estimation. In This Paper [17], Authors Did A Survey Of Total Fifteen Papers Based On Software Effort Estimation Prediction And Algorithmic Methods From Different Journals. The Highly Predictive Attributes Of Data Set Has Been Considered For Estimation Of Accurate Efforts. The Backward Input Selection Approach Has Been Used To Identify The Above Mentioned Attributes. The Authors Have Concluded Different Concepts And Describe Different Directions Where It Can Be Improved. The Existing Methods Accuracy Can Be Improved Using Procedures Of Data Processing And Different Methods Can Be Used In Order To Evaluate Software Effort Estimation.

Sivakumar D, Et.Al, (2017), Have Utilized The COCOMO II Post Architecture Parameters For Effort Measurement Of Software Project Whose Representation Will Not Be Able To Accomplish The Obligatory Level Of Exactness. In This Paper [18], Authors Have Used A Genetic Algorithm For Improving The Measured Results Precision Using Above Mentioned Model. The Prediction Accuracy Has Been Improved Using That Methodology That Also Reduces Different Uncertainty In Used Model Coefficients A, B, C And D. The Model Accuracy Has Been Tested In Terms Of Different Parameters Name As MRE And MMRE And Value Of Change Rate Is 0.15. The Average Relative Estimation Or The Best Fitness Value 3.79 Is Measured In This Analysis And This Result Is 1.42 Smaller Than The Average Relative Estimation Of 5.99 Obtained With The Help Of The Elderly Coefficients. These Results Show That The Estimation By Using The Finest Coefficient Is Much Better Than The Same Estimation Performed With Existing Coefficients.

Jianglin Huang, Et.Al, (2017), Has Presented A Method Name As Analogy Based Software That Helps In Estimating The Unseen Project Cost. This Is Based On Analogies Against Previous Sharing Selection Features. There Are Different Factors On Which Validity Of The Selected Features Depend Upon And Effectiveness Is Taken As A Most Crucial Factors Of Different Applied Data Processing Techniques On Data Sets. In This Paper [19], Authors Have Proposed First А Controlledexperiment That Helps In Studying The Class Of Three-Stage Data-Preprocessing Techniques. There Are Different Stages Such As Data Normalization, Feature Selection For Analogy-Based Effort Estimation And Missing Data Imputation Are Different Stages That Has Been Used In Above Mentioned Technique. The ISBSG Data Has Been Used For Performing Investigation On It And Its Experimental Results Show That The Proposed Technique Prove To Efficient In Terms Of Resultant Effort Estimation Accuracy. In Analogy Based Effort Estimation It Has Prove To Effective To

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Use A Z-Score Normalization, Knn Imputation And Mutual Information Based Feature Weighting.

Kazunori Iwata, Et.Al, (2016), Have Discussed Different Effects In Estimating The Amount Of Efforts By Classification That Is Directly Associated With Code Development. It Is Very Important To Estimate The Efforts Required For New Software Projects That Can Also Be Identified After The Completion Of Project. So, It Should Be Considered While Making A Model And Estimating The Required Efforts. In This Paper [20], Authors Have Presented An Embedded Software Development Projects Classifications With Combination Of Support Vector Machine And Artificial Neural Network (ANN). A Form Of Support Vector Machine, ANN, Linear Regression Has Been Used To Create A Effort Estimation Models After The Use Of Classification. The Existing Model Estimation Accuracy Has Been Computed By Performing Different Experiments On It With Two Criteria One With Including Classification And One Without It. In Order To Consider Statistically Significant Evidence A Test Has Been Performed Name As Howell Along With Variance One Way Analysis. The Results Indicate Statistically Significant Differences Between Certain Pairs Of Models.

Sarwosri, Et.Al, (2016), Have Recommended The Use Of Use Case Point (UCP) In Software Project Estimation That Is Estimated By Performing Some Calculation Son Total Number Of Worker Prediction Based On Effort Estimation And Time Required For Software Development. In 1993, Karner Has Introduced A UCP That Now Widely Use Due To Its Effectiveness Compared To Existing Approaches. In This Paper [21], Authors Have Used UCP And Presented Different Methods To Minimize The Difference Between Actual Effort And Effort Estimation By Increasing Technical Complexity Factor (TCF) And Environmental Complexity Factor (ECF) Inestimation. Then They Have Used Two Ways To Consider Those Factors The First One Is To Add Drive Cost Factor By Mapping TFC And ECF In COCOMO II. In Second The Developing Software Has Been Considered For Conducting Qualitative Research By Understanding The Problem Deeply. The 6.19% Estimation Deviation Has Been Achived Using Old UCP On Project1 And It Is 39.32& On Project2. The Results For The Same Parameter Using New UCP Approach Is 5.02% On Project1 And 7.94% On Project 2. In Project1 There Is Large Decrease In Deviation And It Increases By Decrease For Smaller Scale. In Small Scale Projects The Calculation Involvement Of TF And EF Will Be Effective And It Has Also Been Seen That It Is Better To Implement A New UCP In Project Effort Estimation Of Software Development.

Shensi Tong, Et.Al, (2016), Have Analyzed That During Software Development It Very Challenging And Vital To Performing Effort Estimation Of Software. The Past Storage Data Is The Factor That Creates Challenge In Number Of Small And Medium Sized Companies That Can Be Solved Averaging The Data Of Cross Company For Effort Estimation That Is Not An Easy Task. In This Paper [22], Authors Have Proposed A Mixture Of Canonical Correlation Analysis And Restricted Boltzmann Machines (MCR) Named Approach That Addresses The Issues Of Data Heterogeneity In Effort Estimation Of Cross Company. In Order To Represent Heterogeneous Effort Estimation Data To Present A Unified Metric Is One Of The Essential Ideas In MCR. In Effort Estimation Of Heterogeneous Cross Company There Is Need To Combine Restricted Boltzmann Machines Method And Canonical Correlation Analysis. In PROMISE Repository Total 5 Public Datasets Are Use To Evaluate MCR Approach And Its Evaluation Results Show That The MCR Approach Performs Better Than KNN In Terms Of Estimating It With Partial Different Metrics. The MMRE Value Is Decreased By 0.60 And PRED Value Is Increased By 0.16. In Case Of Mdmre It Decreases By 0.19.

Lixiao Zhou, Et.Al, (2017), Have Recommended Astronomy As A First Area Of Science To Learn From Big Data And The Amount Of Data Is Getting Increase Day By Day. In Today, Most Of The Research On Data Requires Expensive Telescopes And Their Key Basis Is Data Quality. It Is Verv Important That Software Testers Will Understand Big Data Is About Far More Than Simply Data Volume. In This Paper [23], Authors Have Analyzed Characteristics, Types, Methods, Problems, Challenges And Proposed A New Possible Softwaretesting Solutions For Astronomical Big Data . There Is Need To Explore Some Novel Related Principle Of Systematical Methodology That Helps In Finding Solutions To Solve Test Management And Efficiency In Software Testing. The Full Time And Professional Software Testing Engineers Are Needed To Introduce Step By Step That Should Pay Attention In Order To Grasp Knowledge In Astronomy. Software Testing Engineers Should Learn To Cooperation With Astronomer And Data Scientist. Professional Software Testing Organizations And Normalization In Astronomy Should Be Built, Especially For Astronomical Big Data And The Maturity Should Be Improved On Schedule. It Has Been Concluded That It Is A Valuable And Long-Time-Lasting Work To Study How To Evolve On The Base Of Combining Software Testing Technology With Big Data, Cloud Computation And Artificial Intelligent In Astronomy.

Mr. Kunal Sharma, Et.Al, (2016), Have Analyzed That (ETL) Is A Process Of Data Warehousing To Transfer Data From Basis Database By Performed Some Alteration Policy On Extract Information. Then On Target Base That Transformed Data Has Been Loaded Back And With Necessity Of Bid Data Different Organization Has Started Moving Toward Big Data Technology. They Have Started Using Hadoop, Hive And Hbase To Store Their Information In Order To Migrate Data From RDBMS To Hadoop, Organization Has Started Using Process Of Data Migration And Then These Data Has Been Utilized To Perform Various Analyses. There Is Issue Of Discrepancy In The Task Of Data Migration That Occurs Due To Different Reasons That Results In Inaccurate Analysis Of Data. In This Paper [24], Authors Have Given A Review On Comprehensive Facts Legalization Framework Between RDBMS And Hadoop. Then They Have Planned General Testing Framework For Information Justification After ETL Method. New Product Obtain During Testing Of Framework On Special Data Set Shows To The Point Obligatory To Test Data Increases Linearly With Boost In Number Of Account. The Main Restraint Of The Framework Is That Present Realization Does Not Have Burn Test Kind Of Ability Where In Tester Can Observe How Greatly Information Get Varied After Movement Process.

Krishna Kumar Singh, Et.Al, (2016), Has Analyzed That From Last Two Decades Scientist Are Working On Big Data And Its Analytics. The Researchers Have Gained Lost Of Advancement In All Verticals Of Big Data But Very Less Has Worked On Cloud Basedsoftware Testing In It. The 5 V's Are The Base Of Big Data Analytics And Sometimes Unwanted Data Has Been Generated By Analytical Results For Financial Forecasting. In Analytical Scenario An Important Role Is Played By Cloud Computing That Supports Everything As Service Like IAAS, SAAS, PAAS, TAAS Etc. So, In This Environment There Is Need Of Testing As Well As Validation Tool In The Same Environment. Testing

As A Service (Taas) Is Being Offered By Many Players Through Cloud. Dearth Literature Availability And Wide Application Of Testing Tools In Financial Market Cloud Computing Big Data Prompted Us To Work On The Area Of Cloud Based Automated Validation And Testing Tool Model. In This Paper [25], Authors Have Addressed The Real Challenges Of Online Cloud Based Automated Testing Not A As A Service (Taas). They Have Also Introduced A New Model That Includes Mandatory Tool Applicable In The Financial Market Computing. This Has Been Analyzed Bu Testing That The Proposed Model Is Applicable During Testing And Validation Of The Desired Data For Financial Forecasting.

Adibaabidin, Et.Al, (2016), Has Presented That Now Days Large Statistics Is A Big Matter Of Conversation. Their Uses Have Been Seen In Paper To Practical Magazine From Public Media To Journal. The Word Large Statistics Refers To Intricate Facts Sets Whose Mass Is Beyond The Skill Of Conventional Processing Technique Within A Pet Period Of Instance. Large Statistics Consists Of Huge Size That Might Be Peta Bytes Or Exabyte's Of Statistics Consisting Of Billionsto Trillions Of Account Of Millions Of Public. Testing Of Vast Amount Of Facts Is A Huge Dare. With The Appearance Of Public Medium, Cloud And Smart Phones Industry Have To Contract With The Huge Amount Of Statistics. While Full-Size Statistics Provide Solution To Compound Business Troubles Like Analysis Of Huge Data Serves As A Starting Point For Quicker And Better Choice Make, New Products And Services Are Being Progress For The Clients. [26], Authors Have Alert On The Different Techniques That Have Been Implemented. The Most Vital Object That Tester Has To Stay In Mind Is The Active Scenery Of The Statistics And Other Different Act Block Issue Linked With Large Information. The Planned Technique Can Be Used For Testing Large Data.

Author	Year	Description	Outcome
1 Usharani.K,	2016	Has Recommended The Use Of	The Authors Have Concluded
Vignarajananth.		Software Effort Estimation As	Different Concepts And Describe
V,		Number Of Prediction Methods And	Different Directions Where It Can Be
Velmurugan.D.		Different Algorithms Are Available	Improved. The Existing Methods
		In It	Accuracy Can Be Improved Using
			Procedures Of Data Processing And
			Different Methods Can Be Used In
			Order To Evaluate Software Effort
			Estimation.

VI. TABLE OF COMPARISON

2. Sivakumar D, Sureshkumar C.	2017	Have Utilized The COCOMO II Post Architecture Parameters For Effort Measurement Of Software Project Whose Representation Will Not Be Able To Accomplish The Obligatory	The Model Accuracy Has Been Tested In Terms Of Different Parameters Name As MRE And MMRE And Value Of Change Rate Is 0.15. The Average Relative Estimation Or The
		Level Of Exactness.	Best Fitness Value 3.79 Is Measured In This Analysis And This Result Is 1.42 Smaller Than The Average Relative Estimation Of 5.99 Obtained With The Help Of The Elderly Coefficients. These Results Show That The Estimation By Using The Finest Coefficient Is Much Better Than The Same Estimation Performed With
			Existing Coefficients
3. Jianglin Huang, Yan-Fu Li, Jacky Wai Keung, Y. T. Yu, W. K. Chan.	2017	In This Paper [23], Authors Have Proposed A First Controlled Experiment That Helps In Studying The Class Of Three-Stage Data- Preprocessing Techniques. The ISBSG Data Has Been Used For Performing Investigation On It And Its Experimental Results Show That The Proposed Technique Prove To Efficient In Terms Of Resultant	In Analogy Based Effort Estimation It Has Prove To Effective To Use A Z- Score Normalization, Knn Imputation And Mutual Information Based Feature Weighting
A Kamunani	2016	Effort Estimation Accuracy.	In Orden To Consider Statistically
4. Kazunon Iwata, Toyoshiro Nakashima, Yoshiyuki Anan, Naohiro Ishii.	2016	In This Paper [24], Authors Have Presented An Embedded Software Development Projects Classifications With Combination Of Support Vector Machine And Artificial Neural Network (ANN). A Form Of Support Vector Machine, ANN, Linear Regression Has Been Used To Create A Effort Estimation Models After The Use Of Classification	Significant Evidence A Test Has Been Performed Name As Howell Along With Variance One Way Analysis. The Results Indicate Statistically Significant Differences Between Certain Pairs Of Models.
5. Sarwosri, Muhammad Jabir Al Haiyan, Mujahidhusein, Aditya Putra Ferza.	2016	Have Recommended The Use Of Use Case Point (UCP) In Software Project Estimation That Is Estimated By Performing Some Calculation Son Total Number Of Worker Prediction Based On Effort Estimation And Time Required For Software Development. In 1993, Karner Has Introduced A UCP That Now Widely Use Due To Its Effectiveness Compared To Existing Approaches	The 6.19% Estimation Deviation Has Been Achived Using Old UCP On Project1 And It Is 39.32& On Project2. The Results For The Same Parameter Using New UCP Approach Is 5.02% On Project1 And 7.94% On Project 2. In Project1 There Is Large Decrease In Deviation And It Increases By Decrease For Smaller Scale
6. Shensi Tong, Qing He, Yuting Chen, Ye Yang, Beijun Shen.	2016	In This Paper [26], Authors Have Proposed A Mixture Of Canonical Correlation Analysis And Restricted Boltzmann Machines (MCR) Named Approach That Addresses The Issues Of Data Heterogeneity In Effort Estimation Of Cross Company.	Its Evaluation Results Show That The MCR Approach Performs Better Than KNN In Terms Of Estimating It With Partial Different Metrics. The MMRE Value Is Decreased By 0.60 And PRED Value Is Increased By 0.16, In Case Of Mdmre It Decreases By 0.19.

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7. Lixiao Zhou, Maohai Huang.	2017	In This Paper [27], Authors Have Analyzed Characteristics, Types, Methods, Problems, Challenges And Proposed A New Possible Software Testing Solutions For Astronomical Big Data . There Is Need To Explore Some Novel Related Principle Of Systematical Methodology That Helps In Finding Solutions To Solve Test Management And Efficiency In Software Testing	Software Testing Engineers Should Learn To Cooperation With Astronomer And Data Scientist. Professional Software Testing Organizations And Normalization In Astronomy Should Be Built, Especially For Astronomical Big Data And The Maturity Should Be Improved On Schedule.
8. Mr. Kunal Sharma, Dr. Vahida Attar.	2016	In This Paper [28], Authors Have Given A Review On Comprehensive Facts Legalization Framework Between RDBMS And Hadoop. Then They Have Planned General Testing Framework For Information Justification After ETL Method.	New Product Obtain During Testing Of Framework On Special Data Set Shows To The Point Obligatory To Test Data Increases Linearly With Boost In Number Of Account. The Main Restraint Of The Framework Is That Present Realization Does Not Have Burn Test Kind Of Ability Where In Tester Can Observe How Greatly Information Get Varied After Movement Process
9. Krishna Kumar Singh, Dr. Pritidimd, Sachinrohatgi.	2016	In This Paper [29], Authors Have Addressed The Real Challenges Of Online Cloud Based Automated Testing Not A As A Service (Taas).	This Has Been Analyzed But Testing That The Proposed Model Is Applicable During Testing And Validation Of The Desired Data For Financial Forecasting.
10. Adibaabidin, Divyalal, Naveen Garg, Vikas Deep.	2016	Testing Of Vast Amount Of Facts Is A Huge Dare. With The Appearance Of Public Medium, Cloud And Smart Phones Industry Have To Contract With The Huge Amount Of Statistics. While Full-Size Statistics Provide Solution To Compound Business Troubles Like Analysis Of Huge Data Serves As A Starting Point For Quicker And Better Choice Make, New Products And Services Are Being Progress For The Clients.	The Most Vital Object That Tester Has To Stay In Mind Is The Active Scenery Of The Statistics And Other Different Act Block Issue Linked With Large Information. The Planned Technique Can Be Used For Testing Large Data.

#### Table 1: Literature Review Comparison

#### VII. CONCLUSION

In This Paper, It Is Concluded That User Story Is The Important Component For The Effort Estimation. The User Story Is Written To Analyze Efforts Of The Users. The User Story Leads To Analyze The Functional And Non Functional Requirements. In This Paper, Various Technique Which Are Designed By The Authors To Improve User Story Is Reviewed In Terms Of Description And Outcomes

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DOI: 10.9790/9622-0803041020

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